## がち

1.  $\sim$ っぽい,  $\sim$ がち, and  $\sim$ やすい all seem to suggest that someone has a general tendency towards doing something. All three of the phrases are similar in that they are about conveying how something, or someone, appears to you. However, they do have different meanings that change the nature of what that appearance is.

### 彼女は大事なことを忘れっぽい。

"She seems like the type who forgets important things." This is emphasizing how she appears to you, so it may or may not be the case that she does in fact forget important things, but it seems that way to you. You might want to compare and contrast ~っぱい, ~みたい, and ~らしい.

#### 彼女は大事なことを忘れがちだ。

"She tends to forget important things." In this case you are more certain of your personal assessment, but within that assessment you are saying that while she usually forgets important things, you also allow that she doesn't always.  $\sim \hbar$ 5 can be translated by to be apt to  $\sim$  / often get to  $\sim$  / to tend to  $\sim$  / to be inclined to  $\sim$ 

#### 彼女は大事なことを忘れやすい。

This would be "she forgets important things easily." Where  $\sim$ がち is about how often she forgets,  $\sim$ やすい is about how reliably she forgets.

**~気味** means "a little bit~" and the state could be either temporary or continuous/frequent. Usually shorter term than  $\sim$  がち. Compared to  $\sim$ がち (= gachi), the words that you can use with 気味 (= gimi) are limited. It is mainly used to say that someone/something is in a slightly certain state/condition.

2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cZR6AiATvCk

# ざるを得ない

~ざるを得ない indicates that there is no other choice but to do something. Compare:

ざるを得ない: used in a situation where one has no choice but to do something.

しかない: used in a situation where one has no choice but to do something.

(ざるを得ない means that you are required to do something, whereas しかない marks the

best alternative among a number of bad ones.)

なければならない: used in a situation where one has to do something because s/he has an obligation to do it OR where one has no choice but to do something.

Vneg + わけに(は)いかない: used in a situation where one has to do something because s/

he has an obligation to do it OR where one has no choice but to do something. It also expresses the unwillingness of the speaker to do V.